

Enlarged Lymph Node Behind The Ear

Fish anatomy It can be contrasted with fish physiology, which is the study of how the component parts of fish function together in the living fish. In practice, fish anatomy and fish physiology complement each other, the former dealing with the structure of a fish, its organs or component parts and how they are put together, as might be observed on a dissecting table or under a microscope, and the latter dealing with how those components function together in living fish. The spleen is found in nearly all vertebrates. It is a non-vital organ, similar in structure to a large lymph node Fish anatomy is the study of the form or morphology of fish. of the oviducts and behind the rectum 70f60701ea

Cervical lymphadenopathy Similarly, the term lymphadenitis refers to inflammation of a lymph node, but often it is used as a synonym of lymphadenopathy. The term lymphadenopathy strictly speaking refers to disease of the lymph nodes, though it is often used to describe the enlargement of the lymph nodes. The term lymphadenopathy strictly speaking refers to disease of the lymph nodes, though it Cervical lymphadenopathy refers to lymphadenopathy of the cervical lymph nodes (the glands in the neck). lymphadenopathy of the cervical lymph nodes (the glands in the neck) 70f60701ea

The venom glands of snakes are a modification of the parotid salivary glands. 70f60701ea

Parotitis The parotid gland is the salivary gland most commonly affected by inflammation. [citation - Parotitis is an inflammation of one or both parotid glands, the major salivary glands located on either side of the face, in humans. (disease of the) parotid gland < παρωτίς (stem παρωτιδ-) : (gland) behind the ear < παρά pará : behind, and οὖς - ous (stem ὠτ-, ōt-) : ear 70f60701ea

== Signs and symptoms == 70f60701ea The nose has an important function in breathing. The nasal mucosa lining the nasal cavity and the paranasal sinuses carries out the necessary conditioning of inhaled air by warming and moistening it. Nasal conchae, shell-like bones in the walls of the cavities, play a major part in this process. Filtering of the air by nasal hair in the nostrils prevents large particles from entering the lungs. Sneezing is a reflex to expel unwanted particles from the nose that irritate the mucosal lining. Sneezing can transmit infections, because aerosols are created in which the droplets can harbour pathogens. 70f60701ea Rabbits are a paraphyletic grouping, and do not constitute a clade, as hares (belonging to the genus *Lepus*) are nested within the Leporidae clade and are not described as rabbits. Although once considered rodents, lagomorphs diverged earlier and have a number of traits rodents lack, including two extra incisors. Similarities... 70f60701ea Signs and symptoms may include the following stiff neck (limited neck mobility or torticollis), some form of palpable neck pain (may be in "front of the neck" or around the Adam's apple), malaise, difficulty swallowing... 70f60701ea Another major function of the nose is olfaction, the sense of smell. The area of olfactory epithelium, in the upper nasal cavity, contains specialised olfactory cells responsible for this function. 70f60701ea

Human nose It is also the principal organ in the olfactory system. The back of the nasal floor probably drains to the parotid lymph nodes. The nerve supply to the nose and paranasal The human nose is the first organ of the respiratory system. or through the retropharyngeal lymph nodes. The shape of the nose is determined by the nasal bones and the nasal cartilages, including the nasal septum, which separates the nostrils and divides the nasal cavity into two 70f60701ea

Frog The anuran larva or tadpole A frog is any member of a diverse and largely semiaquatic group of short-bodied, tailless amphibian vertebrates composing the order Anura (coming from the Ancient Greek ἀνούρα, literally 'without tail'). Frog species with rough skin texture due to wart-like parotoid glands tend to be called toads, but the distinction between frogs and toads is informal and purely cosmetic, and does not reflect taxonomy or evolutionary history. unsupported tongue, lymph spaces underneath the skin, and a muscle, the protractor lentis, attached to the lens of

the eye 70f60701ea

Tonsil doi:10. National Library of Medicine. These organs play an important role in the immune system. "Tonsils | Tonsillitis | Lymph Nodes". 1016/S0022-1759(99)00244-6. MedlinePlus. S. PMID 10758231. Retrieved 29 January The tonsils (TON-sills) are a set of lymphoid organs facing into the aerodigestive tract, which is known as Waldeyer's tonsillar ring and consists of the adenoid tonsil (or pharyngeal tonsil), two tubal tonsils, two palatine tonsils, and the lingual tonsils. U 70f60701ea

Retropharyngeal abscess RPAs can also occur in adults of any age. difficulty swallowing, fever, stridor, drooling, croup-like cough or enlarged cervical lymph nodes. RPA is a relatively uncommon illness, and therefore may not receive early diagnosis in children presenting with stiff neck, malaise, difficulty swallowing, or other symptoms listed below. Any combination of these symptoms should arouse suspicion of Retropharyngeal abscess (RPA) is an abscess located in the tissues in the back of the throat behind the posterior pharyngeal wall (the retropharyngeal space). Because RPAs typically occur in deep tissue, they are difficult to diagnose by physical examination alone. Early diagnosis is key, while a delay in diagnosis and treatment may lead to death. Parapharyngeal space communicates with retropharyngeal space and an infection of retropharyngeal space can pass down behind the esophagus into the mediastinum 70f60701ea

== Infectious diseases == 70f60701ea Cervical lymphadenopathy is a sign or a symptom, not a diagnosis. The causes are varied, and may be inflammatory, degenerative, or neoplastic. In adults, healthy lymph nodes can be palpable (able to be felt), in the axilla, neck and groin. In children up to the age of 12 cervical nodes up to 1 cm in size may be palpable and this may not signify any disease. If nodes heal by resolution or scarring after being inflamed, they may remain palpable thereafter. In children, most palpable cervical lymphadenopathy is reactive or infective. In individuals over the age of 50, metastatic enlargement from cancers (most commonly squamous cell carcinomas) of the aerodigestive tract should be considered. 70f60701ea == Etymology == 70f60701ea From Greek παρωτίτις

(νόσος), parōtītis (nósos) : (disease of the) parotid gland < παρωτίς (stem παρωτιδ-) : (gland) behind the ear < παρά - pará : behind, and οὖς - ous (stem ὠτ-, ōt-) : ear. 70f60701ea When used unqualified, the term most commonly refers specifically to the palatine tonsils, which are two lymphoid organs situated at either side of the back of the human throat. The palatine tonsils and the adenoid tonsil are organs consisting of lymphoepithelial tissue located near the oropharynx and nasopharynx (parts of the throat). 70f60701ea Humans are born with four types of tonsils: the pharyngeal tonsil, two tubal tonsils, two palatine tonsils and the lingual tonsils. 70f60701ea The nose is also involved in the function of speech. Nasal vowels and nasal consonants are produced in the... 70f60701ea RPA can lead to airway obstruction or sepsis – both life-threatening emergencies. Fatalities normally occur from patients not receiving treatment immediately and suffocating prior to knowing that anything serious was wrong. 70f60701ea

Rabbit contracted from an infected rabbit. Wild rabbits not included in *Oryctolagus* and *Sylvilagus* include several species of limited distribution, including the pygmy rabbit, volcano rabbit, and Sumatran striped rabbit. The former, *Oryctolagus*, includes the European rabbit, *Oryctolagus cuniculus*, which is the ancestor of the hundreds of breeds of domestic rabbit and has been introduced on every continent except Antarctica. The disease can cause symptoms of fever, skin ulcers and enlarged lymph nodes, and can occasionally lead to pneumonia Rabbits, or bunnies, are small mammals in the family Leporidae (which also includes the hares), which is in the order Lagomorpha (which also includes pikas). They are familiar throughout the world as a small herbivore, a prey animal, a domesticated form of livestock, and a pet, having a widespread effect on ecologies and cultures. The most widespread rabbit genera are *Oryctolagus* and *Sylvilagus*. The latter, *Sylvilagus*, includes over 13 wild rabbit species, among them the cottontails and tapetis 70f60701ea

List of dog diseases Not all of the articles listed here contain information specific to dogs. Sarcoptic mange is caused by *Sarcoptes scabiei canis*. Articles with non-dog information are marked with an asterisk (*). Some of these diseases are unique to dogs or closely related species, while others are found in other animals, including humans. lead to secondary bacterial infections such as fever, lethargy, and enlarged lymph nodes. Signs include This list of dog

diseases is a selection of diseases and other conditions found in the dog 70f60701ea

Adult frogs have a stout body, protruding eyes, anteriorly-attached tongue, limbs folded underneath, and no tail (the "tail" of tailed frogs is an extension of the male cloaca). Frogs have glandular skin, with secretions... 70f60701ea == Classification == 70f60701ea == Etymology == 70f60701ea == Structure == 70f60701ea The anatomy of fish is often shaped by the physical characteristics of water, the medium in which fish live. Water is much denser than air, holds a relatively small amount of dissolved oxygen, and absorbs more light than air does. The body of a fish is divided into a head, trunk and tail, although the divisions between the three are not always externally visible. The skeleton, which forms the support structure inside the fish, is either made of cartilage (cartilaginous fish) or bone (bony fish). The main skeletal element is the vertebral column, composed of articulating vertebrae which are lightweight yet strong. The ribs attach to the spine and there are no limbs or limb... 70f60701ea

Parotid gland Each parotid is wrapped around the mandibular ramus, and secretes serous saliva through the parotid duct into the mouth, to facilitate mastication and swallowing and to begin the digestion of starches. is to the retromandibular veins. Sometimes accessory parotid glands are found close to the main parotid glands. In humans, the two parotid glands are present on either side of the mouth and in front of both ears. There are also two other types of salivary glands; they are submandibular and sublingual glands. They are the largest of the salivary glands. [citation needed] Lymphatic drainage The gland is mainly drained into the preauricular or parotid lymph nodes which ultimately The parotid gland is a major salivary gland in many animals 70f60701ea

The word parotid literally means "beside the ear". From Greek παρωτίς (stem παρωτιδ-) : (gland) behind the ear < παρά - pará : in front, and οὖς - ous (stem ὠτ-, ōt-) : ear. 70f60701ea Frogs are widely distributed, ranging from the tropics to subarctic regions, but the greatest concentration of species diversity is in tropical rainforest and associated wetlands. They account for around 88% of extant amphibian species, and are one of the five most diverse vertebrate orders. The oldest fossil "proto-frog" Triadobatrachus is known from the Early Triassic of Madagascar (250 million

years ago), but molecular clock dating suggests their divergence from other amphibians may extend further back to the Permian, 265 million years ago. 70f60701ea

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